

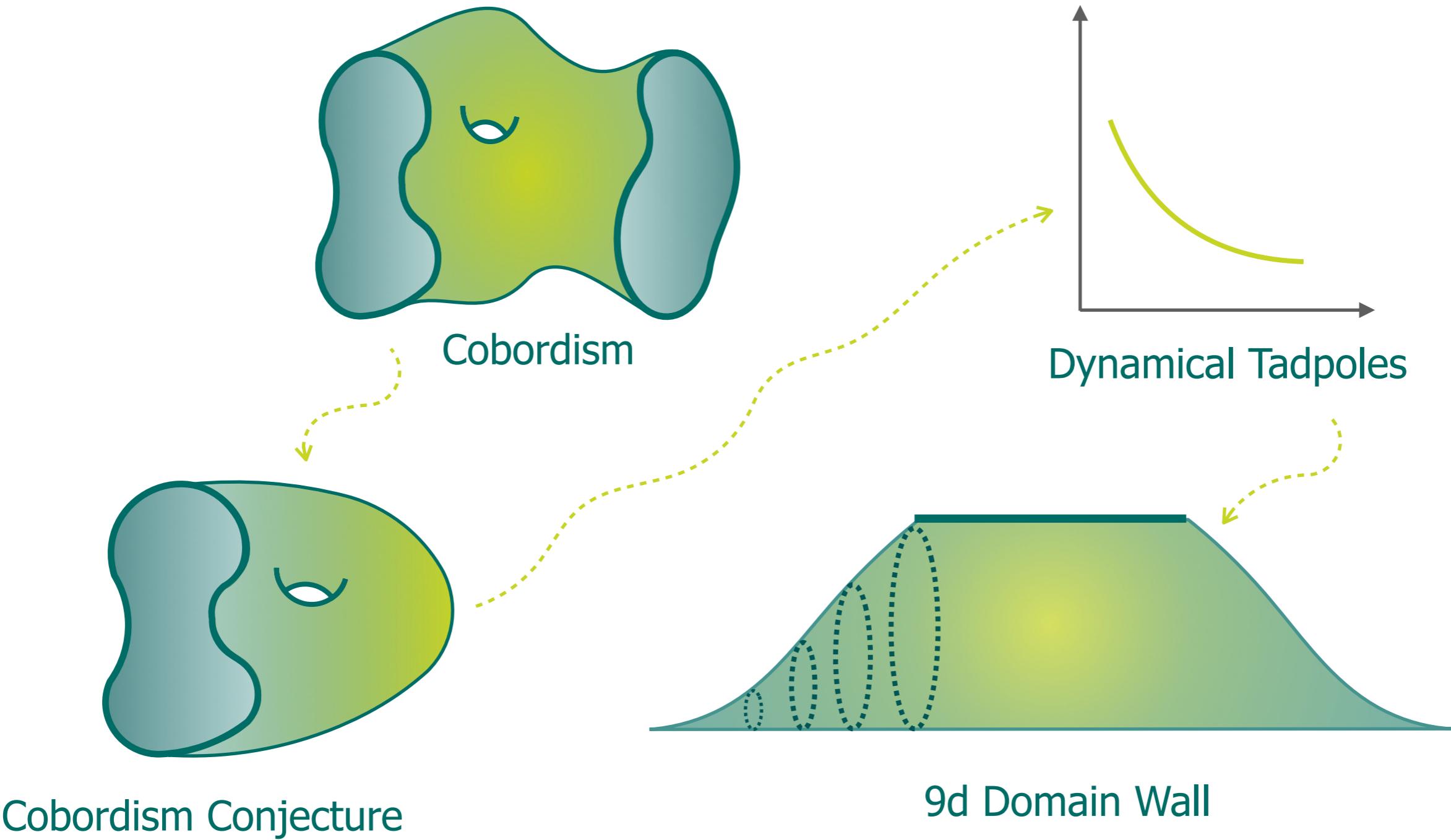
Dynamical Cobordism of a 9d Domain Wall and its companion 7-brane

Based on 2205.09782, with R. Blumenhagen, N. Cribiori, C. Kneißl

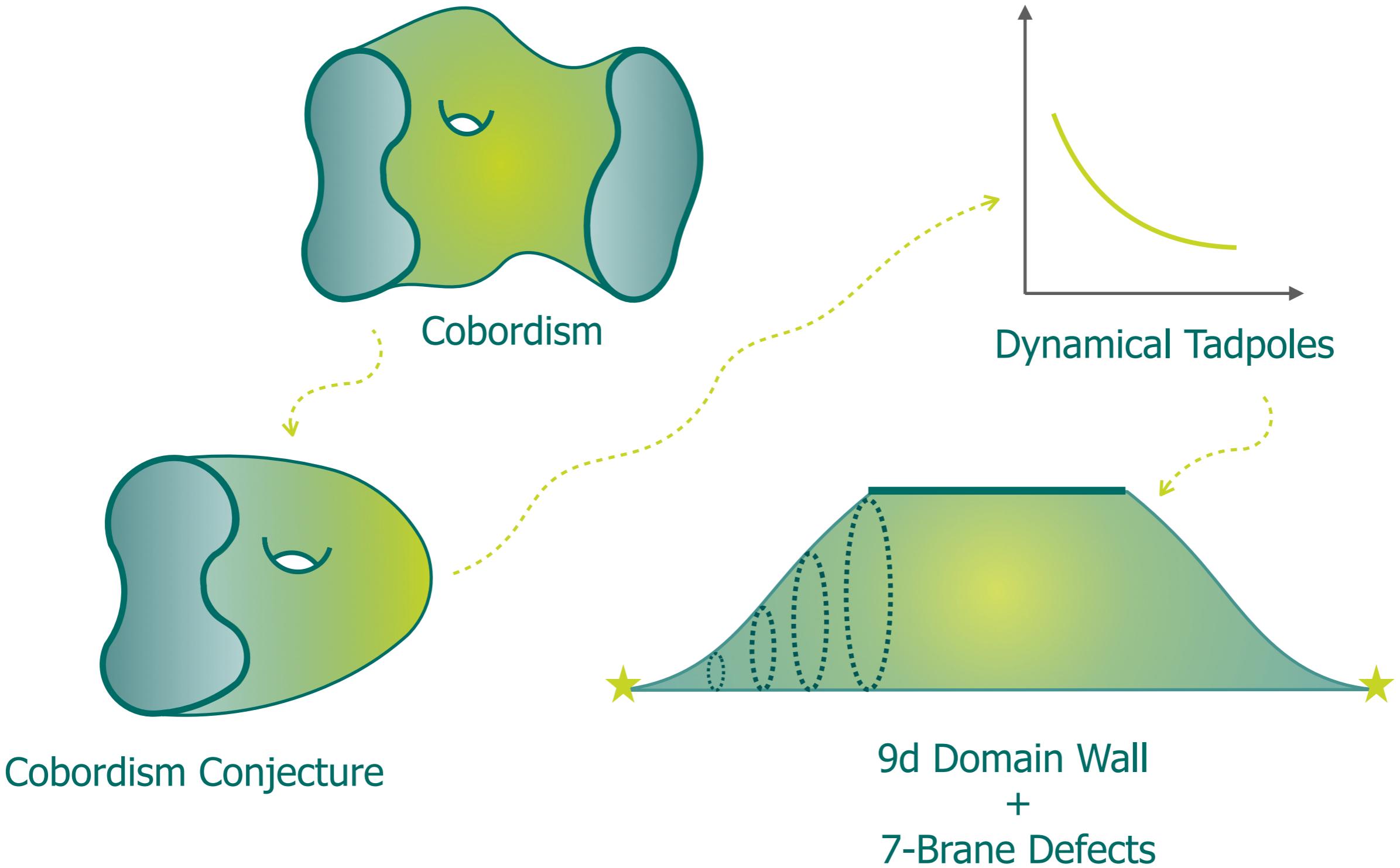
Andriana Makridou

String Phenomenology - Liverpool, 05/07/22

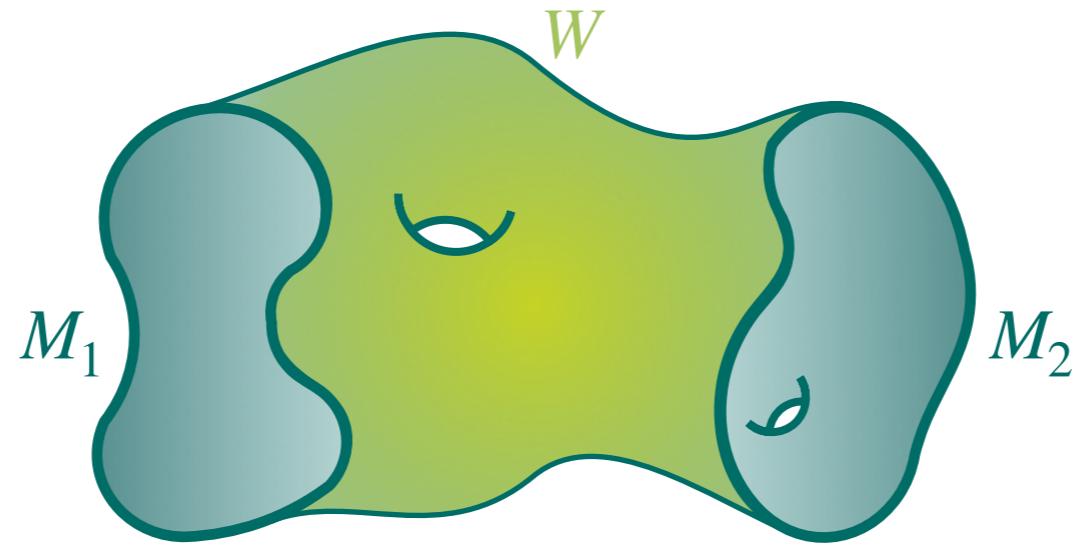
Outline



Outline



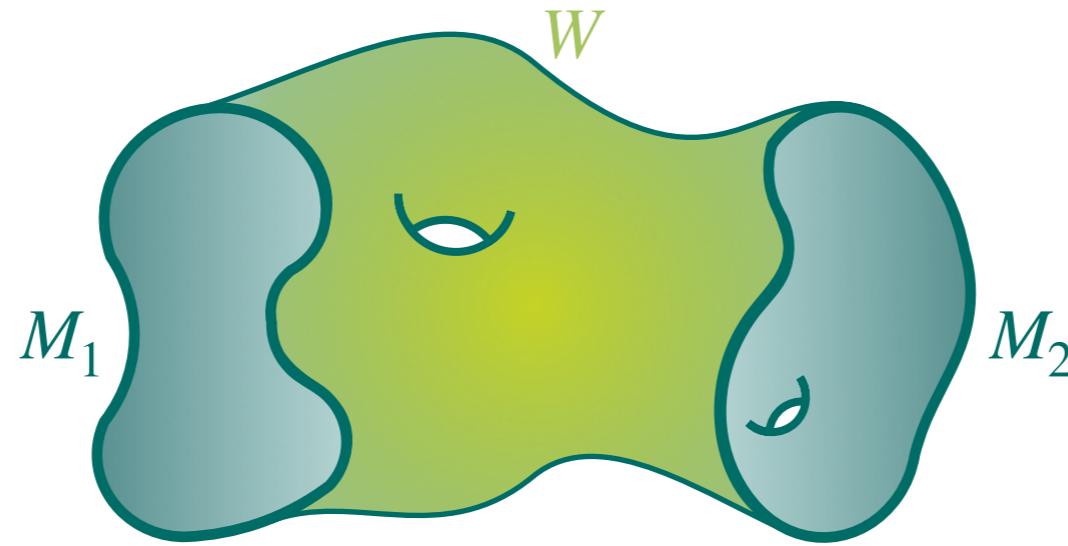
Cobordism



$$M_1 \sim M_2 \Leftrightarrow \exists W \text{ s.t. } \partial W = M_1 \sqcup M_2$$

$$\Omega_k^{QG} = \{\text{compact, closed, } k\text{-dim . backgrounds}\}/\sim$$

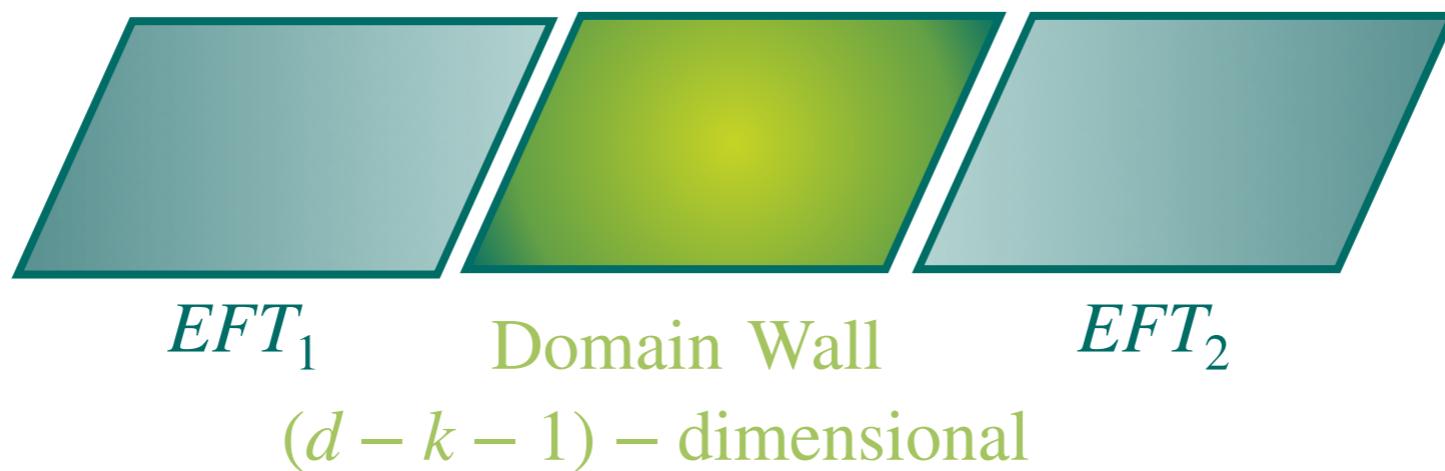
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Compactify down to $D=d-k$ dimensions:

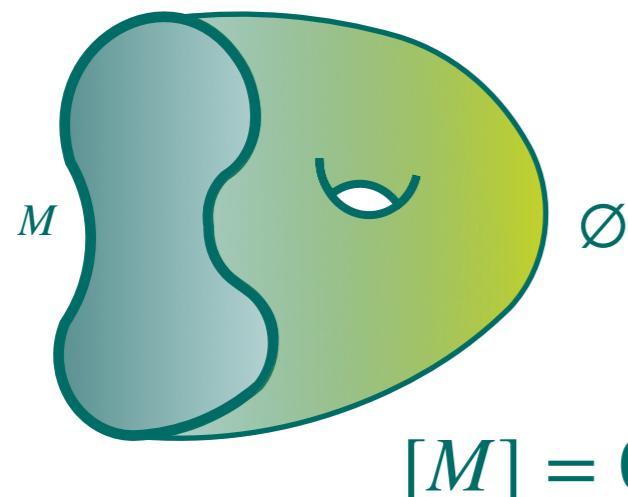


Cobordism Conjecture

[McNamara, Vafa '19]

$\Omega_k^\xi \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow (d - k - 1)\text{-dim. global symmetry}$
with charges labelled by $[M] \in \Omega_k^{QG}$

But: No global symmetries in quantum gravity \rightarrow Cobordism Conjecture
e.g. [Banks, Seiberg '10] [McNamara, Vafa '19]



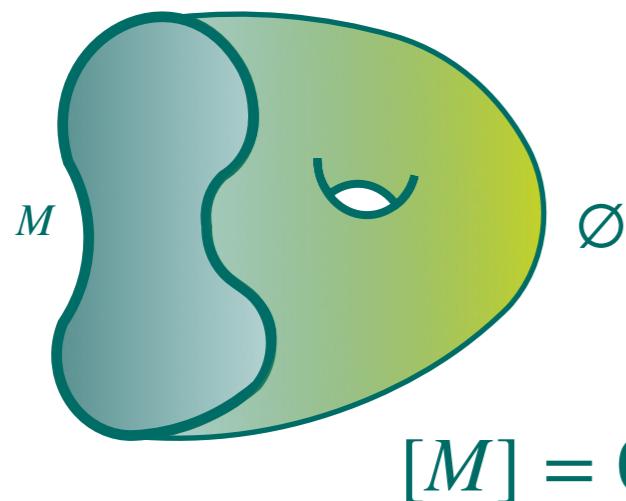
All Cobordism Classes should be trivial
 $\Omega_k^{QG} = 0$

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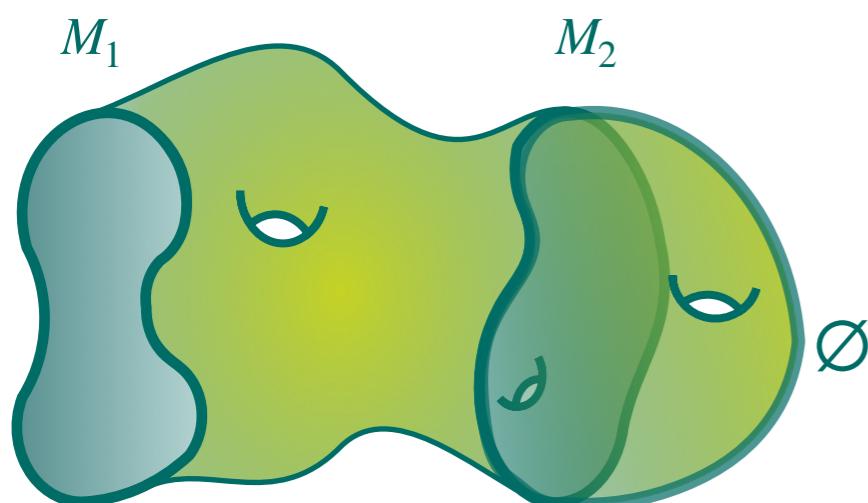
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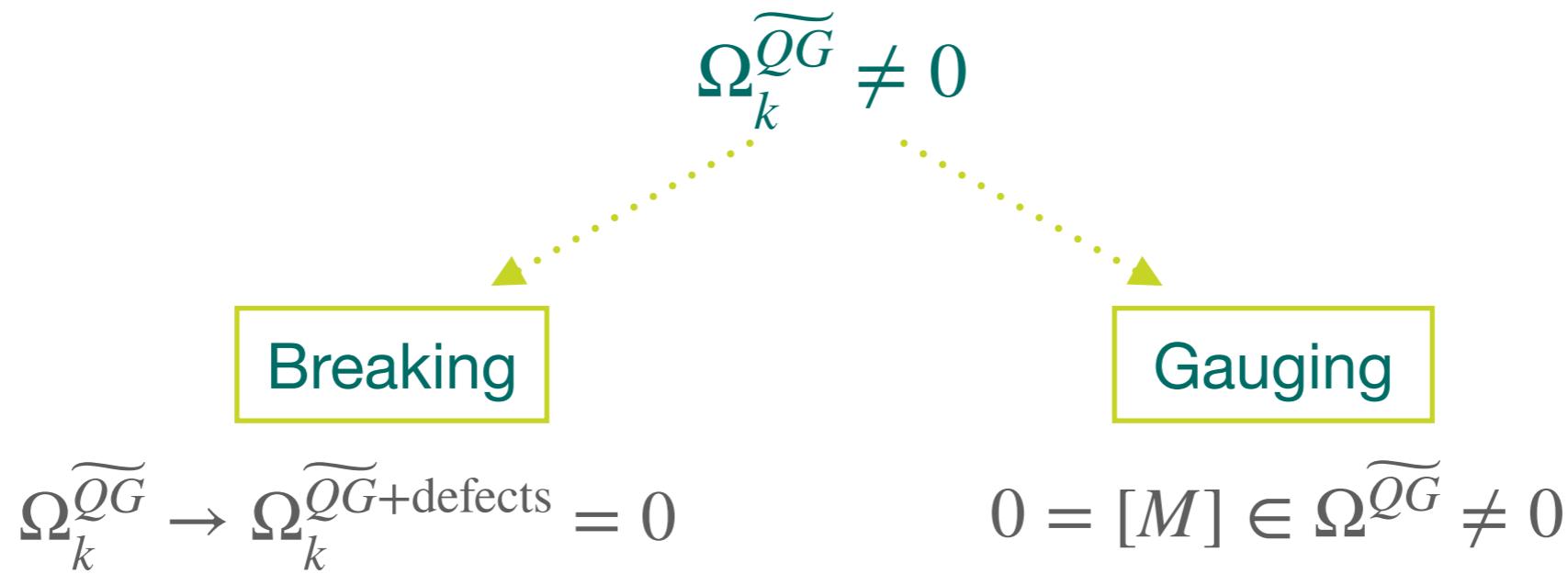
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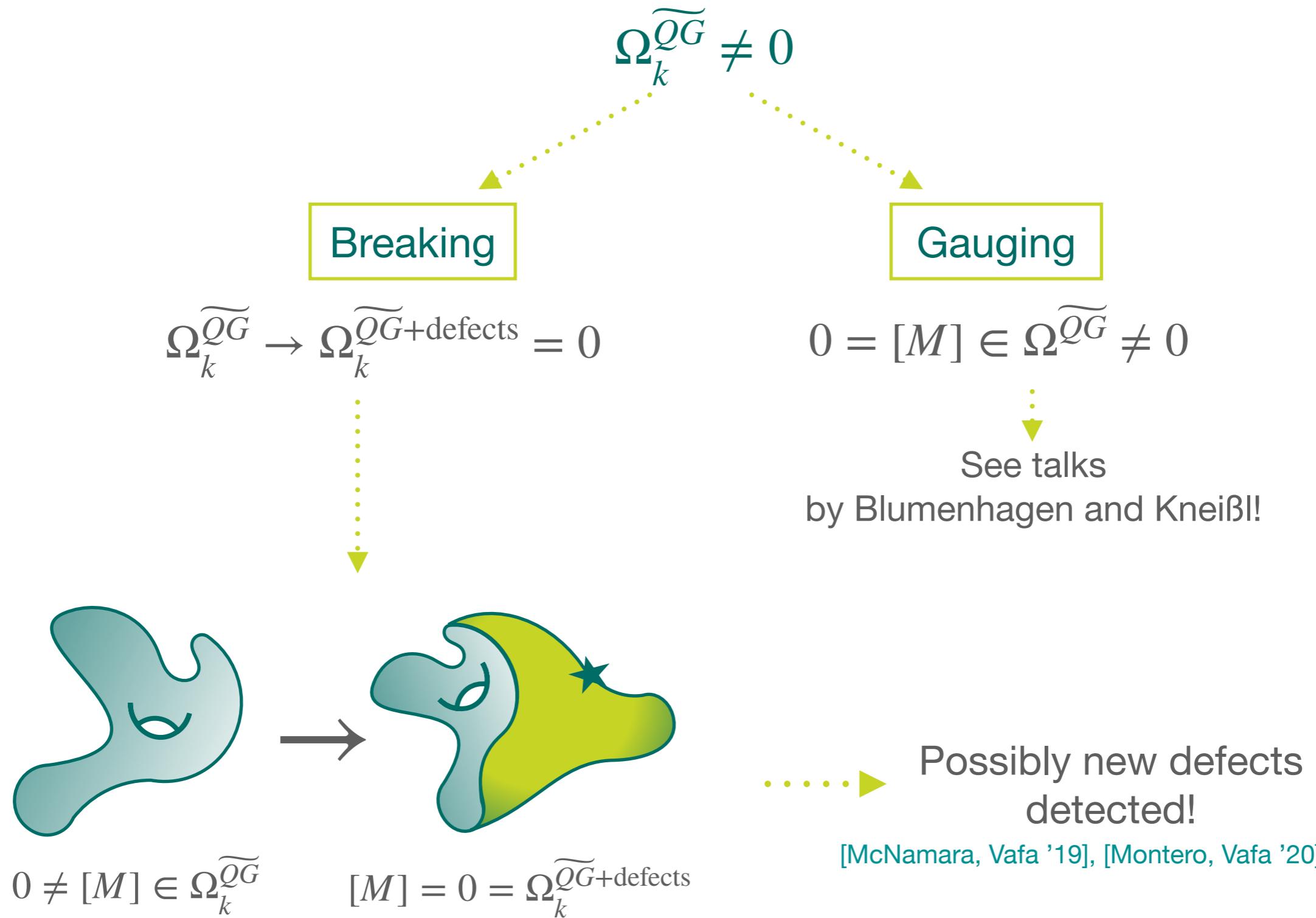
In $D=d-k$ dimensions:



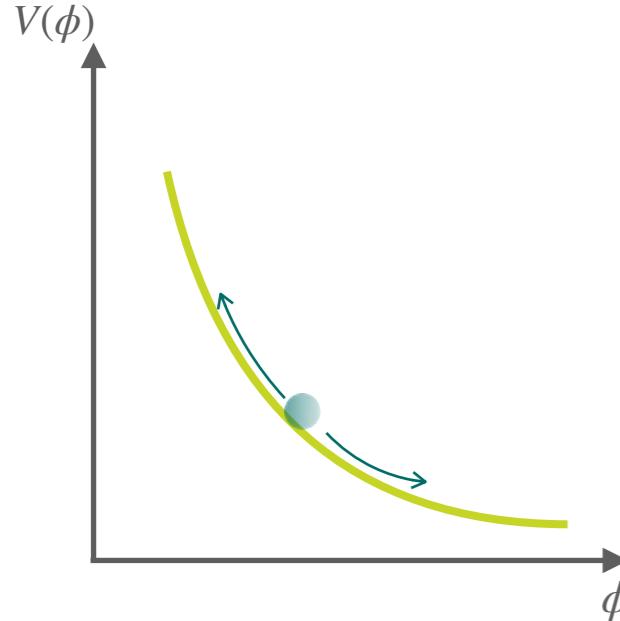
Cobordism Conjecture Consequences



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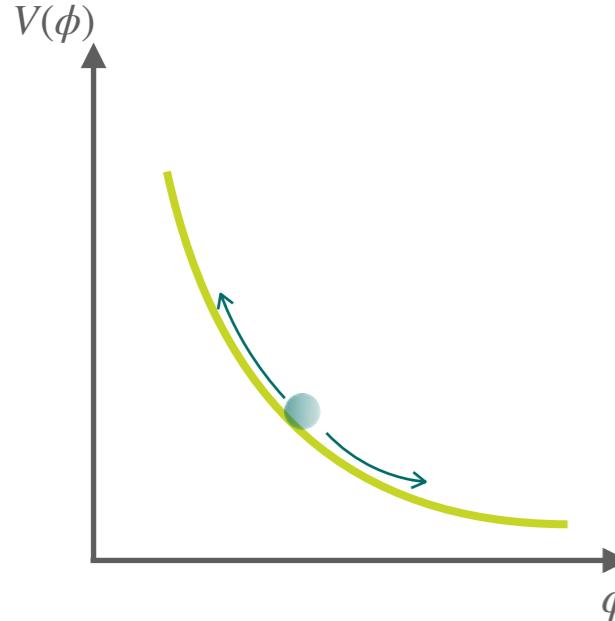
Tadpoles & Dynamical Cobordism



[Sugimoto '99]
[Antoniadis, Dudas, Sagnotti '99]
[Angelantonj '99]
...
recently : [Raucci '22]

Dynamical tadpoles - No vacuum, running solutions
Naturally occurring in supersymmetry-breaking potentials
Example: Sugimoto Model [Sugimoto '99]
Solution with dynamical compactification to 9d [Dudas, Mourad '00]

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Reinterpretation in Cobordism Terms

[Buratti, Delgado, Uranga '21]

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Solution extends in finite spacetime distance Δ , with $\Delta \sim \mathcal{T}^{-n}$

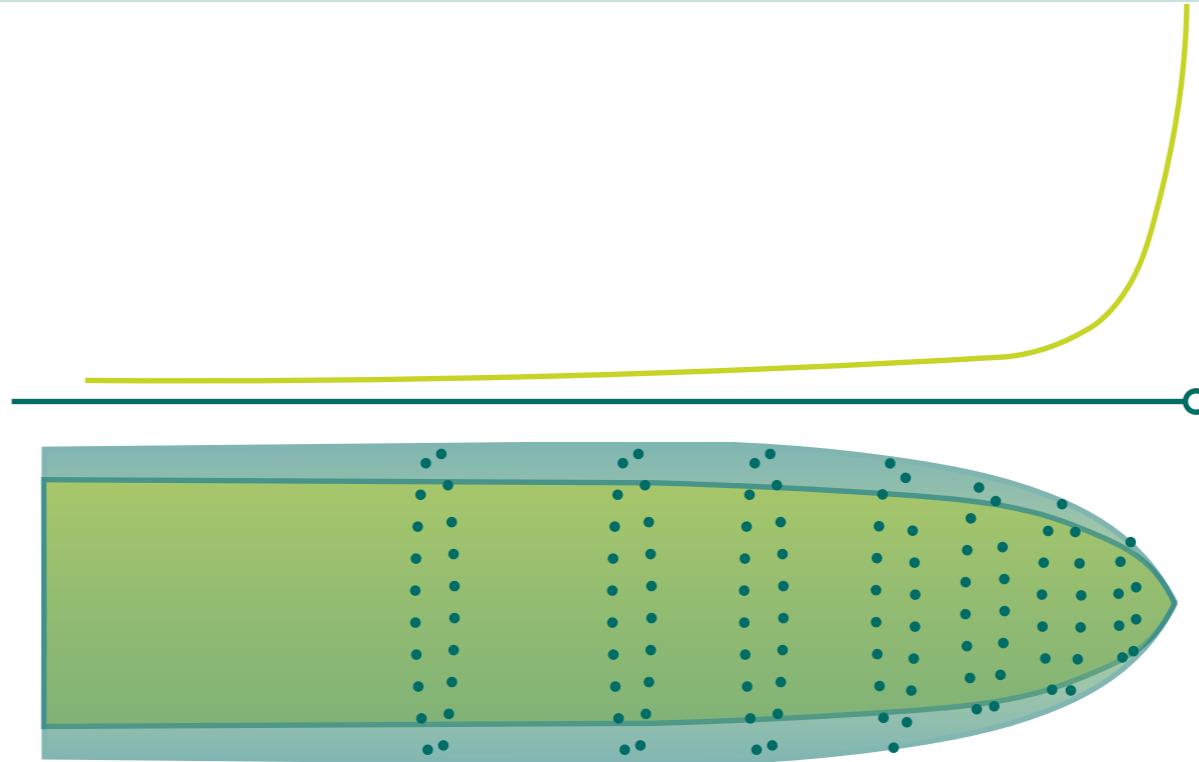
Mechanism: “apparent singularity” = cobordism defect.

↗ Tadpole strength

For field distance $D \rightarrow \infty$ at singularity: Wall of Nothing/End-of-the-world brane

Cobordism distance conjecture: $\Delta \sim e^{-\frac{1}{2}\delta D}$, $|\mathcal{R}| \sim e^{\delta D}$

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9-dimensional Domain Wall

Goal: Backreaction of gauge neutral, non-supersymmetric 9-dimensional object w/
brane-like dilaton coupling

[Blumenhagen, Font '00]

Physical realisation: non-BPS $\tilde{D}8$ -brane, non-SUSY stack of $16 \times \bar{D}8 + O8^{++}$

Action:
$$S = \frac{1}{2\kappa_{10}^2} \int d^{10}x \sqrt{-G} \left(\mathcal{R} - \frac{1}{2}(\partial\Phi)^2 \right) - T \int d^{10} \sqrt{-g} e^{\frac{5}{4}\Phi} \delta(r).$$

↑
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Solution Ansatz:
$$ds^2 = e^{2\mathcal{A}(r,y)} ds_8^2 + e^{2\mathcal{B}(r,y)} (dr^2 + dy^2).$$

$$\mathcal{A} = A(r) + U(y)$$

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Solution I

$$A(r) = \frac{1}{8} \log \left| \sin \left(8K(|r| - \frac{R}{2}) \right) \right|$$

$$\chi(r) = -\frac{3}{2} \log \left| \tan \left(4K(|r| - \frac{R}{2}) \right) \right| + \phi_0$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\psi(y) = -Ky$$

Solutions II $^\pm$

$$A(r) = \frac{1}{8} \log \left| \sin \left(8K(|r| - \frac{R}{2}) \right) \right|$$

$$\chi(r) = \frac{\alpha^\pm}{8} \log \left| \sin \left(8K(|r| - \frac{R}{2}) \right) \right| + \log \left| \tan \left(4K(|r| - \frac{R}{2}) \right) \right| + \phi_0$$

$$\vdots$$

$$U(y) = \frac{1}{8} \log (\cosh(8Ky))$$

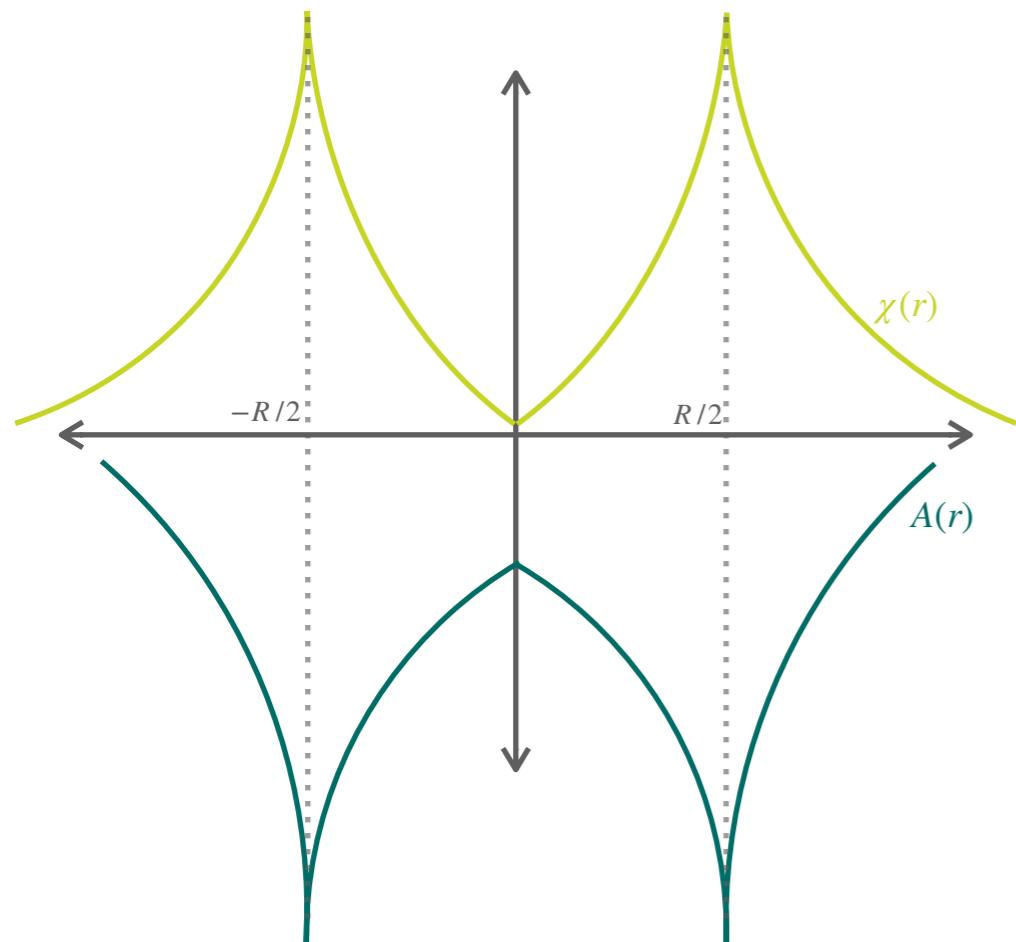
[Blumenhagen, Font '00]

Qualitative behavior

r-direction spontaneously compactified on S^1 with radius R: $e^{\frac{5}{4}\phi_0} \sim \frac{1}{\lambda R}$

Logarithmic singularities at $r = \pm \frac{R}{2}$, string coupling diverges

y-direction: infinite length in sols I, II^- , becomes finite interval in sol II^+

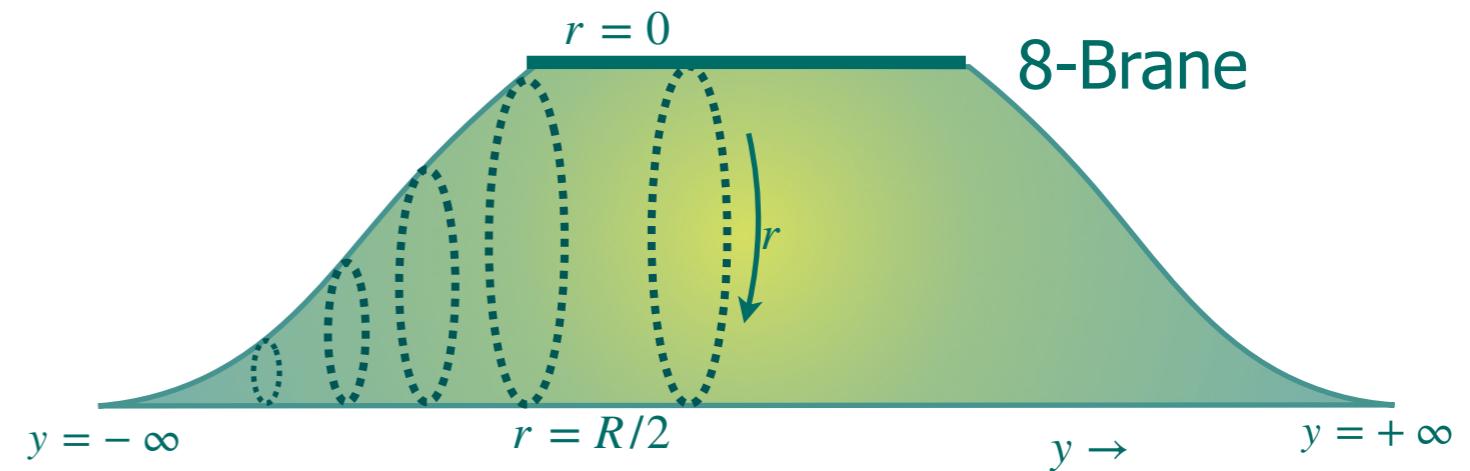
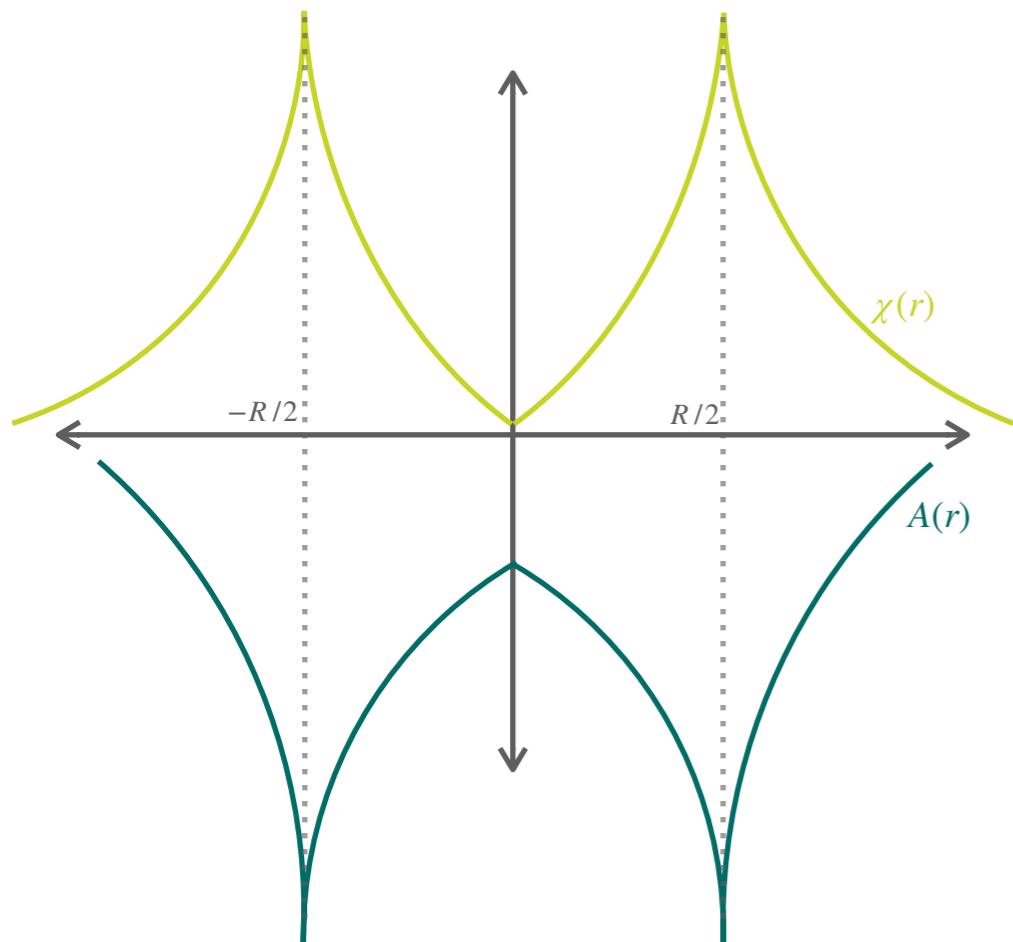


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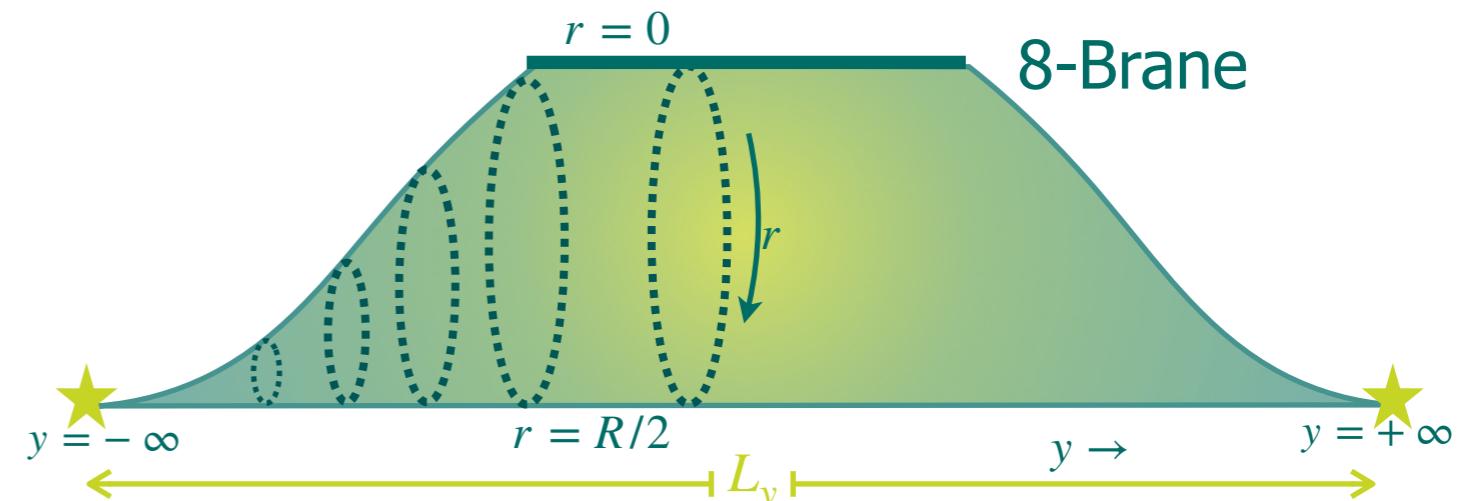
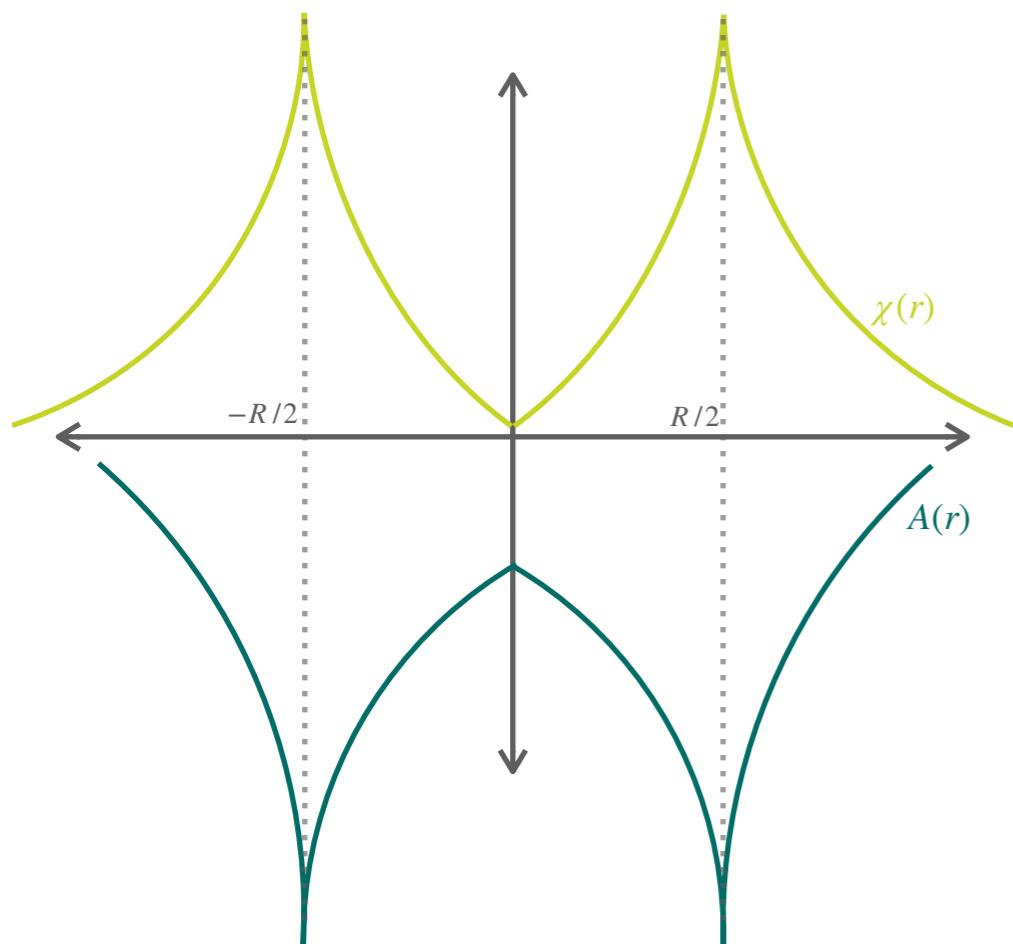


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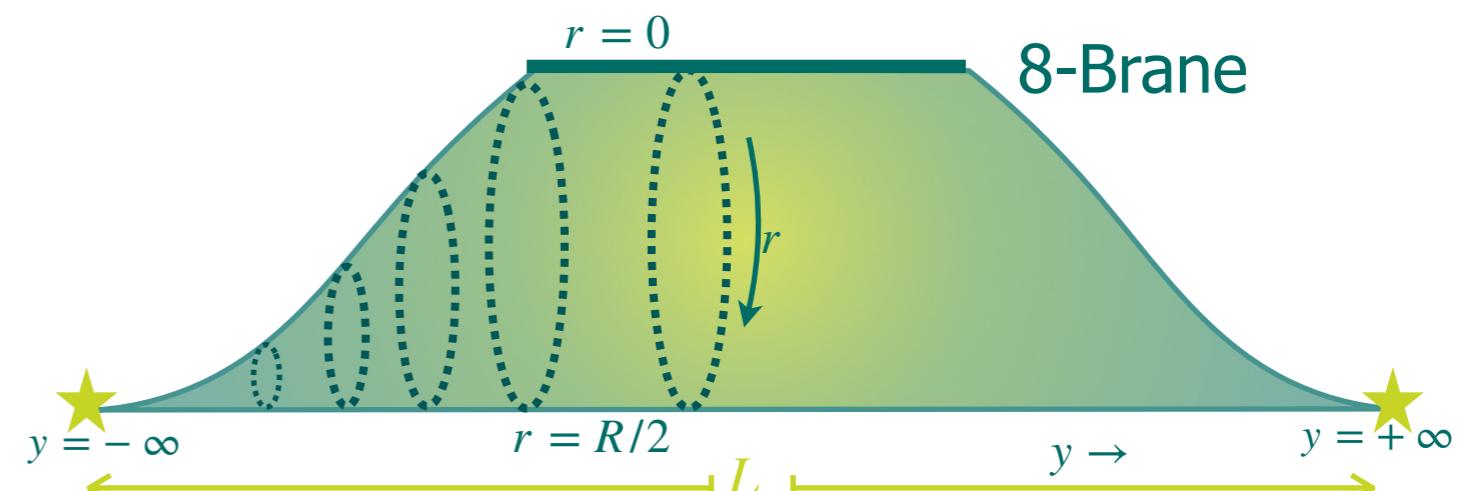
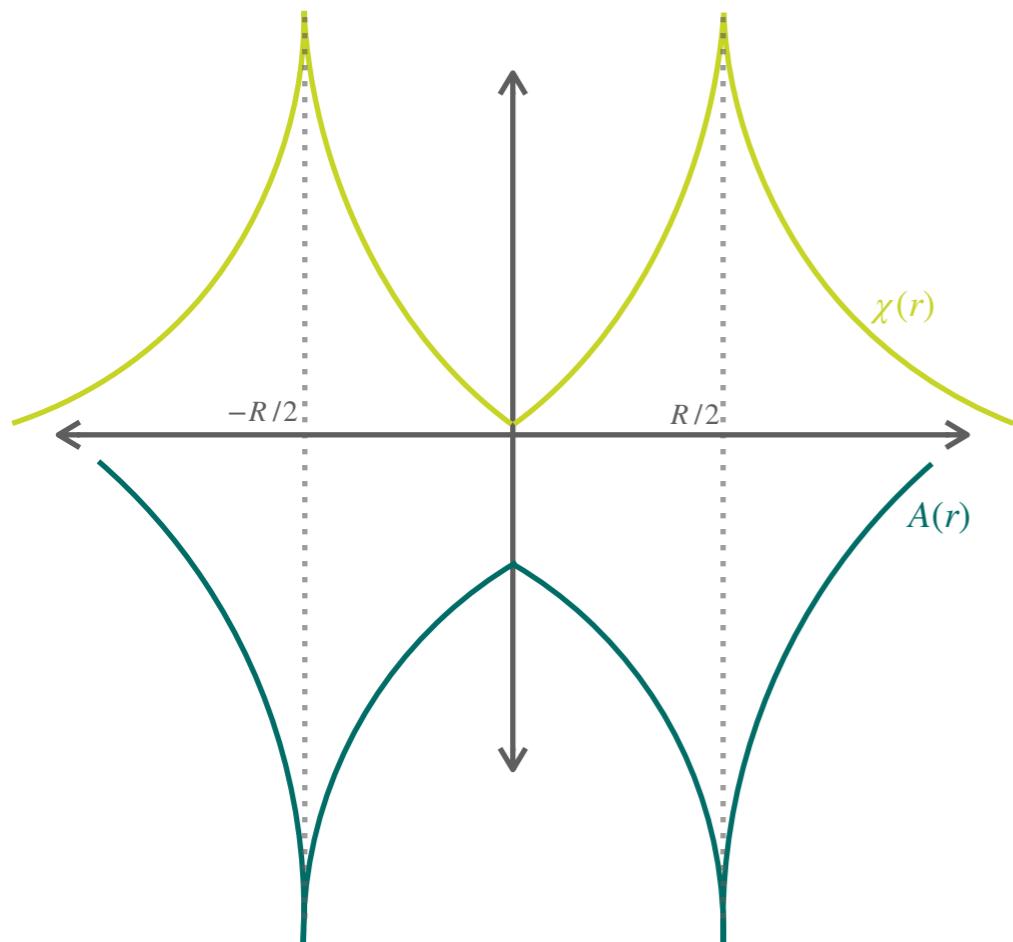
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$$\kappa_{10}^2 T$$

y-direction: infinite length in sols I, II^- , becomes finite interval in sol II^+



$$\Delta \sim L_y \sim \mathcal{T}^{-1}$$

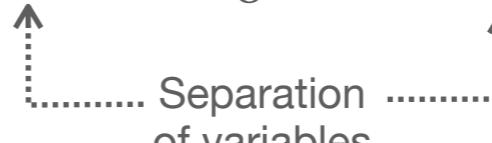
$$\Delta \sim e^{-\sqrt{2}D}$$

$$|\mathcal{R}| \sim e^{2\sqrt{2}D}$$

ETW Defects

Input: 8-dimensional defect : log-singularity, S^1 direction capped off
Poincaré symmetry along the “brane” preserved
2d transversal rotational symmetry broken

Non-Isotropic Solution Ansatz: $ds^2 = e^{2\hat{\mathcal{A}}(\rho,\phi)}ds_8^2 + e^{2\hat{\mathcal{B}}(\rho,\phi)}(d\rho^2 + \rho^2 d\phi^2)$.



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↑ Separation ↑
of variables

Solutions: $\hat{A}(\rho) = \frac{1}{8} \log \left| \cosh \left(8\hat{K} \log \left(\frac{\rho}{\rho_0} \right) \right) \right|$ $\hat{B}(\rho) = - \log \left(\frac{\rho}{\rho_0} \right) + \left(\frac{\hat{\alpha}^2}{32} - \frac{7}{2} \right) \hat{A}(\rho)$

$$\hat{\chi}(\rho) = \hat{\alpha} \hat{A}(\rho)$$

⋮

$$\hat{\psi}(\phi) = \frac{\hat{\alpha}}{8} \log \left| \cos(8\hat{K}\phi) \right| \pm 2 \log \left| \tan \left(4\hat{K}\phi + \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right|$$

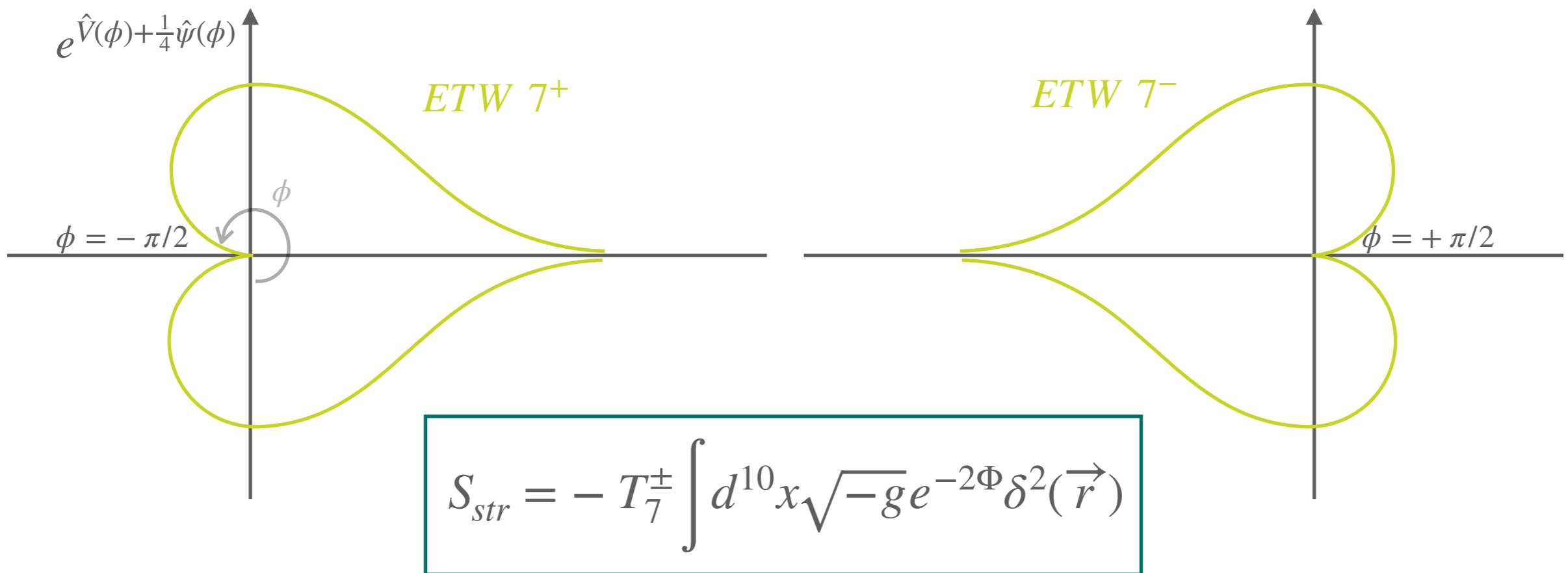
ETW 7 $^\pm$

Qualitative behavior

Logarithmic singularities at $\rho = 0$, string coupling diverges

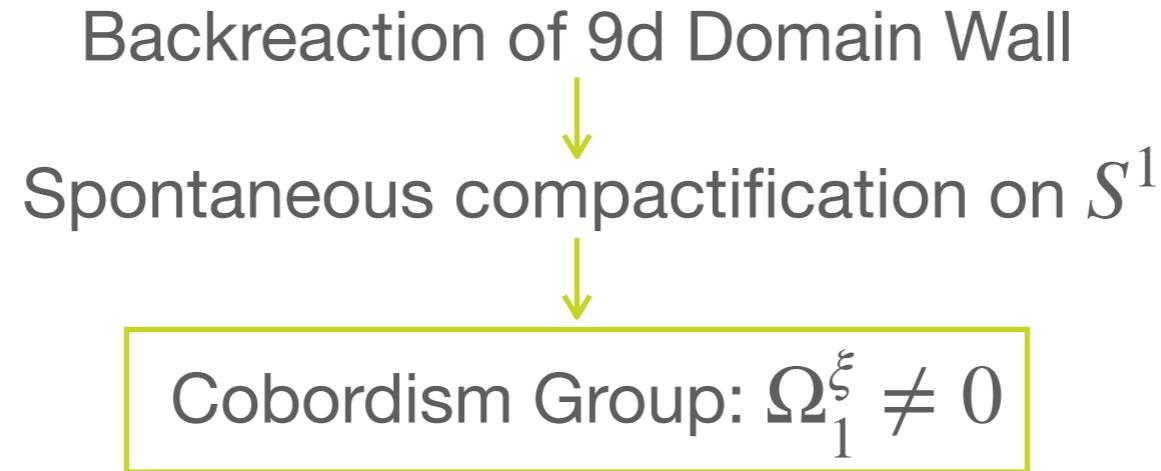
For appropriate constant ($\hat{\alpha} = \alpha^+$) same scaling as 9d defect

Dynamical Cobordism scaling satisfied: $\Delta \sim e^{-\sqrt{2D}}$, $|\mathcal{R}| \sim e^{2\sqrt{2D}}$

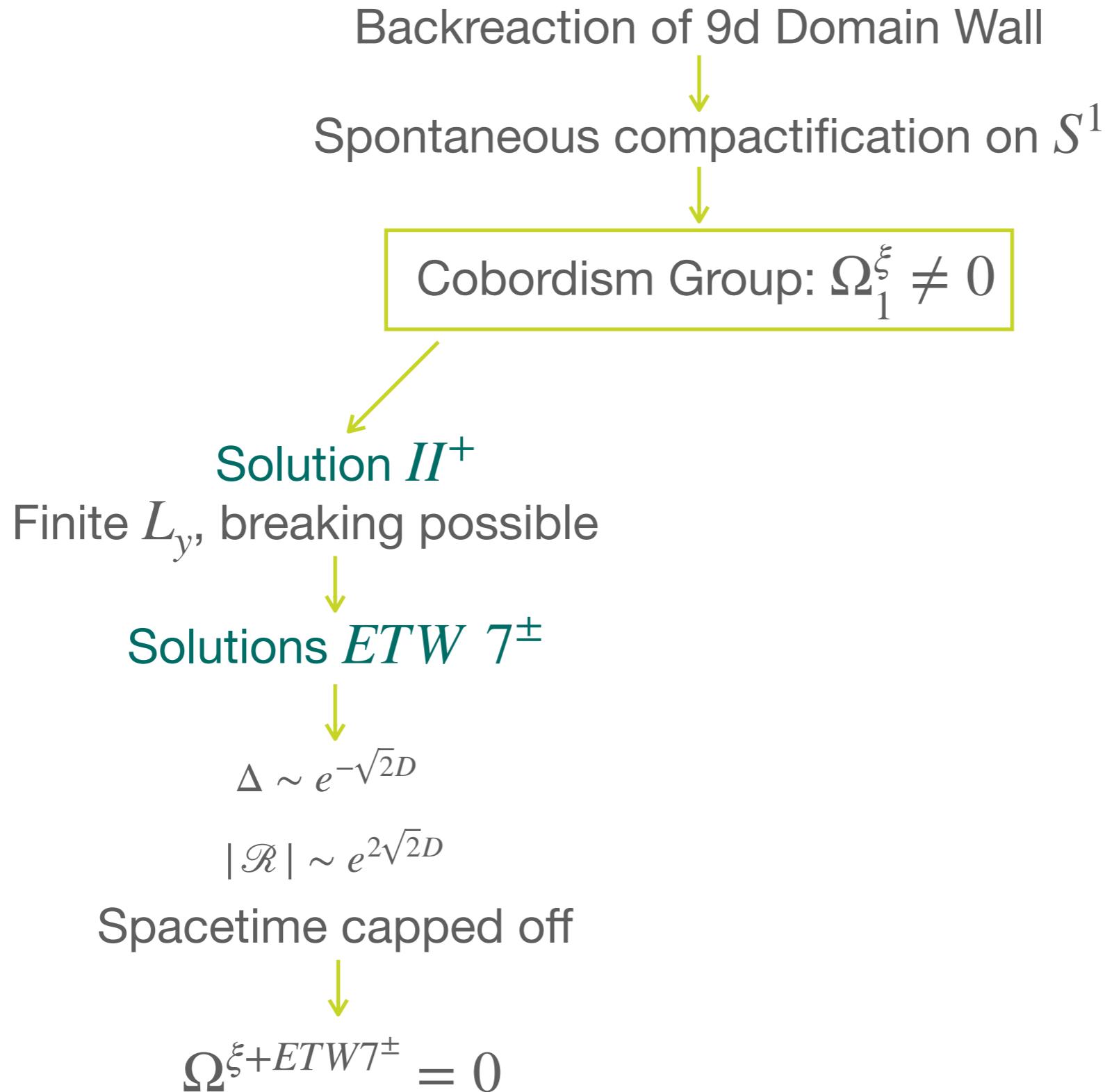


with $\kappa_{10}^2 T_7 = 2\pi$

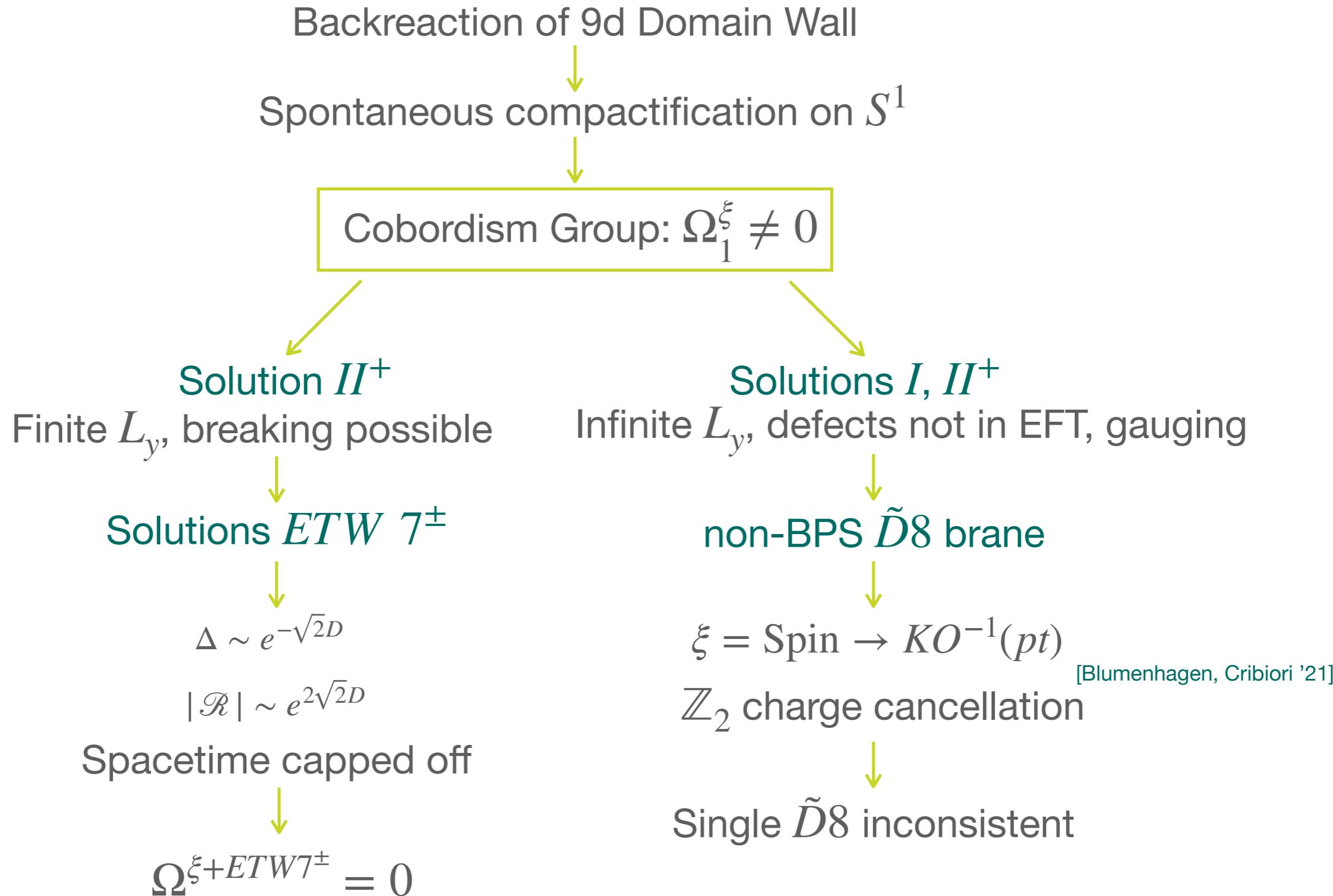
Cobordism Interpretation



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Summary and Outlook

Concrete example for physical realization of dynamical cobordism:

Explanation of singularities in preexisting solution, expected scalings satisfied,
Eom for defect solved → new 7-brane defect

Generalization to higher co-dimension objects
Independent verification of new defect

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